February 1929

Facts About Bankruptcy

T. W. Arnold
West Virginia University College of Law

Follow this and additional works at: https://researchrepository.wvu.edu/wvlr

Part of the Bankruptcy Law Commons

Recommended Citation
Available at: https://researchrepository.wvu.edu/wvlr/vol35/iss2/19

This Book Review is brought to you for free and open access by the WVU College of Law at The Research Repository @ WVU. It has been accepted for inclusion in West Virginia Law Review by an authorized editor of The Research Repository @ WVU. For more information, please contact researchrepository@mail.wvu.edu.
which trade associations may engage without fear of judicial interference. The scope of such activity and the great value which may come from it in the business life of our country is the theme of Mr. Kirsh. The book will be useful to trade association officers and to their attorneys. It may be read with interest by all lawyers who care to follow the legal aspects of important economic developments.

—Harold C. Havighurst.


The author of this book was formerly referee in bankruptcy of the Southern District of Georgia. The book contains a directory of bankruptcy laws, the complete bankruptcy laws of the United States and an abstract of the laws concerning conditional sales exemption, mortgages of each state in the Union, complete bankruptcy laws, partially annotated, the general orders in bankruptcy and abstracts of laws of interest to creditors such as conditional sales, bulk sales law, mortgages and exemptions in each state. It is a useful book of superficial reference, although it does not pretend to be anything further than a desk book for a busy credit man.

—T. W. Arnold.


This book is not a treatise on the subject of trial work. It is an attempt, however, to aid the young practitioner in framing his questions in order to prove the necessary elements of any cause of action. The lawyer in a hurry before trial may open this book at the kind of an action which he is bringing and refresh his mind as to the formalities which must be proven. Before examining an expert or a witness he may turn to the questions necessary to qualify the witness. A very large number of usual situations are collected in question and answer form. These situations cover cases from common law forms of action to cases