HOMAGE TO CUBE

Ken Lu
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Ken Lu

Thesis submitted
to the College of Creative Arts
at West Virginia University
in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of
Masters of Fine Arts in
Ceramics

Robert Moore, M.F.A., chair
Shoji Satake, M.F.A.
Zhang Naijun, M.F.A.
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School of Art and Design

Morgantown, West Virginia

2018

Keywords: Ceramics, Installation, Minimalism, Geometric Abstraction, Systemic Art, Cube, Cognitive Dissonance, Mental Chaos, Subjectivity
Abstract

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Ken Lu

My MFA written thesis addresses work completed and shown in a thesis exhibition, Homage to Cube (2018), at West Virginia University (2015 - 2018) as well as significant influences on my studio process. This thesis, along with the supporting exhibition, address my research on my driving forces for my work, A sub-category of Minimalism called Systemic Art, while adhering to my artistic practice and philosophy. The exhibition is an installation consisting of 625 individual ceramic cubes displayed in accordance to a two-dimensional cube template to create a sanctuary. The installation acts as a mental escape for the audience and myself from current chaos and subjectivity by providing a sanctuary for contemplation.
I would like to express my special appreciation and thanks to my advising committee, Shoji Satake, Robert Moore, Joseph Galbreath, Zhang Naijun, and Dylan Collins; you all have been extremely influential in my artistic and conceptual development. Special thank you to Prof. Shoji Satake, for your many years of guidance, education, both academically and personally, and giving me a chance to further my studies in the United States. To Prof. Olson, thank you for your encouragement, guidance, and support of my work. Danny and Peggy Lu, thank you for bringing me up and being my parents, words will never be enough to express how blessed I am to have both of you. Last, but not least, to Liao Qi Mei for being at my side through the three years of my MFA pursuit in the United States.
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Precedents

*Homage to Cube* (2018) (fig. 1) is my MFA thesis exhibition that was exhibited in Laura Mesaros Gallery in West Virginia University between the March 19 - 23, 2018. The gallery vestibule consists of title, stainless steel table displaying twenty-five sliced and assembled cubes; overview of installation (fig. 2), artist statement (fig. 3), and a layout of the installation (fig. 4). *Homage to Cube* is an installation comprising of 25 pedestals in a 5 x 5 grid system with an increment of 1 foot for each column. Each pedestal adheres to a thirty-five-inch interval from all four sides. The various heights of the pedestals differ between forty-eight to twenty-four inches which creates a slope to the top left-hand corner of the gallery. Each sculpture is made up of twenty-five individual cubes which is glued together to create different forms.
Influence

Being labelled as a Generation Y millennial (1981-1999), the biggest shaping event that my generation has been exposed to is the explosion of the internet and social media. In my childhood, technology was in its infant stage where desktop computers were present in homes while all cellphones had number pads to them. While studying for my BFA in China, the notion of using social media applications such as Facebook, Instagram, Twitter, and Snapchat were starting to gain momentum but with China’s internet firewall, such platforms were inaccessible. Since my arrival in United States of America for my Master’s degree, I became aware of cognitive influences and the side effects of social media on a personal level.

Surfing through Facebook daily, the US politics, presidential elections, gun violence, Dakota Access Pipeline, #MeToo movement, LGBTQ movement, Black Lives Matter, Teacher strikes, xenophobia or Islamophobia, international/national geographical conflicts, nuclear threats, patriotism, and many other alarming issues recur constantly on news feed without a breather. The sudden and constant bombardment of global information is mentally overwhelming for me to wrap my head around especially looking from a third person perspective. There were way more layers than just a simple news feed on Facebook.

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There seems to be a trend in every new stream of happenings. A mass shooting, Trump’s ridiculous political move, Teacher’s strikes, Syria’s use of chemical weapons, catches the public’s attention, then an endless discussion from panelists, experts, politicians, news presenters starts a massive dialog or argument about the issue for a whole week across different telecommunication avenues. Then suddenly, nothing, and they move on to the next news flash. Inevitably, the continuous stream of polar viewpoints burdens and torments my emotions. It seemingly endless wave of peevish blows from different directions creates cognitive dissonance. I call it ‘mental chaos’.

Besides the ‘mental chaos’ caused by the overflow of information, people are ostentatious about their opinions through daily conversation and through social media. Subjectivity, which is based on and influenced by one’s taste and opinion, is more prominent in the United States due to the primacy of Individualism\(^2\) where one’s opinion matters more instead of collectivism, which is commonly found in Asian countries. An individual’s judgments and perspective are further amplified through social media platforms which inevitably become emotional stimuli for stress and anxiety on me. Since coming to the US, I am constantly in a state of skepticism about everything, from items in my news feed, healthcare, politics, food labels to people’s opinions. There are always varying outlooks from everyone on every issue; the more I listen, the harder it is to decipher what is true or the truth.

This sense of mental chaos and subjectivity are the two major driving forces for my thesis exhibition, *Homage to Cube*, revering the absolute cube as it allows me to be in a state

\(^2\) Ruoyu Duan, “Individualism in America.” Faculty of English Language and Culture Guangdong University of Foreign Studies. November 2014.
of tranquility. By minimalizing elemental components to just form, system, and bare clay color, *Homage to Cube* is my way of order and clarity from the mental chaos and subjectivity.
Minimalist Influence

“Now the whole of everyday political, social, historical, economic reality is incorporated into the simulative dimension of hyper-realism.”3 - Jean Baudrillard

New machines for communication and information ranging from cellphones to the web, are a significant and affective register on the production of subjectivity.4 In this technological era, people are capable of freely conveying their opinions and feelings through different modes of communication. *Homage to Cube* creates a repulsion towards the chaos of social media with simplicity, purity, and repetition. In a way, it acts as a mental sanctuary for myself and hopefully the audience to be aware of physical presence in the gallery space. My animosity for subjectivity has directed me to research Minimalism and Geometric Abstraction as my major influences for *Homage to Cube*.

The simplest definition of Minimalism (1960s - 1970s) is a style distinguished by severity of means, clarity of form, and simplicity of structure and texture.5 Minimal artists such as Donald Judd (1928-1994), Sol LeWitt (1928-2007), Carl Andre (b. 1935), Robert Morris (b. 1931), Agnes Martin (1912-2004), and Dan Flavin (1933-1996) primarily used geometric forms in modes of singularity or repetition in their artwork.6 The removal of any

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emotional, intuitive decision making, or any affinity to anything beyond its literal presence was the main goal of Minimalism. Art critic Barbara Rose stated, “The most obvious common denominator was how empty everything was, how much effort went just into rejecting all but the very barest, irreducible minimum.”

In my work, I embrace the same minimalistic approach of removing aesthetic choices or emotional stimuli, hence, not imposing ideas or intentions on my audience. The cube is a common denominator of any man-made building block. It is an absolute unit with neutrality and detachment from real world objects. Using a cube as my starting form and implementing a “slice and assemble” system with a two-dimensional cube template as the grid is a way of giving order and clarity to the chaos of current issues.

Systematic artists make a conscious choice to let an artwork be dictated by a system. By doing so, they intentionally remove artistic choices even though the outcome is not desired which also resists subjectivity. Systematic artist Peter Lowe commented on implementing a system as, “A way(system) of communicating an intelligent idea in terms of shapes, colors and forms. An organizational principle that I predetermine to see what the outcome would be.” With most artwork, the artist envisions what the piece would convey and work towards it through experimentation and implication of technical skills. The outcome becomes the goal of art making. By administering a system, there is no attachment to the outcome.

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7 ibid., 15
Besides the dichotomy between industrial and handcrafted objects, working in a clay medium is crucial in combating mental chaos and stress. Clay itself as a material is formless. It takes the form of the artist’s intention and records the artist’s actions. Thus, clay as a medium is also neutral. Physically manipulating every one of the individual 625 pieces in *Homage to Cube* out of clay puts me in a state of tranquility and equanimity. I thoroughly enjoy working with the tactile and malleable quality of clay. Working in this medium is a cognitive escape for me from the ‘mental chaos’.

Through my MFA journey, I have experimented with various ways of decoration and colors on cube-derived forms such as soda firing (fig. 5) and acrylic paint (fig. 6) but asking myself, does it have to be decorated or glazed? Decoration seems to add more burden to my work. Stripping it down to just the natural color of ceramics in a way resents stimulating colors which we are constantly exposed. I came to terms of appreciating my work solemnly for its formal aesthetic.

In accordance with Minimal Art, my work, *Homage to Cube*, focuses on three elements: geometric shape (the cube), a two-step “slice and assemble” system using a grid, and bare natural ceramic color. These elements will be described and analyzed in the next few sections.
Cube

I have always been inspired by the dichotomy of geometry and clay. Both elements have polar properties; clay is commonly associated with organic elements while geometry is acquainted with hard edge line quality. The technical challenge of achieving sharp edges and smooth surfaces in ceramics which mostly are handcrafted has always intrigued me. Unlike other materials where machinery is used to obtain such qualities. Works of Ken Matsuzaki (fig. 7), Ken Mihara (fig. 8), John Mason (fig. 9) and Ken Price (fig. 10) are contemporary artists who I am inspired by and represent this same dichotomy in my work.

The cube, also known as a special cuboid or hexahedron, is made of three pairs of parallel lines intersecting at 90-degree angles, which creates eight vertices, 12 edges, and six equilateral surfaces. Naturally occurring cube forms can only be found in pyrite, sugar and salt grains, and wombat’s turd. As pyrite is not found in most households and while no one is viewing sugar and salt at a micro-level, the cube form is not commonly seen in the human environment. The cube is also the common denominator for any man-made design. With this said, the denominator refers to the absolute unit and thus, the cube transcends everything to the point of being independent and objective. Therefore, the cube has neutrality in the form and emotional detachment.

I am inspired by Plato’s ideology of an absolute geometric form in a different dimension. In “Theory of Forms,” (400 - 300 BCE) Plato considered geometry and numbers as the most
reduced and essential and therefore the ideal, philosophical language.10 Geometry and mathematics are a universal language that transcends nationality, and race. This allows my audience from different kinds of backgrounds to enjoy the sculptures for what they are.

*Homage to Cube* is a study of different ways of dissecting a cube and joining it back to yield different forms according to the rules that I implemented. The study of a geometric form holds the perfect and paradigmatic truth11 which is my solution towards cognitive dissonance and mental chaos. It allows me to detach myself from the present realm and enter a meditative state of mind to keep my sanity.

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11 Piers Bursill-Hall, "Why do we study geometry? Answers through the ages." *DPMMS Centre for Mathematical Sciences Wilberforce Road, Cambridge* (2002): 3
“Slice and Assemble” System

Kenneth Martin (1905-1984), Mary Martin (1907-1969) (fig. 11), and Sol LeWitt all used a mode of system through grids, permutations, Fibonacci series, or the Golden section to art creation. *Incomplete open cubes* (1974) by Sol LeWitt consist of a collection of 122 frame structures. Each structure is the lattice of a cube with edges removed yet the structure remains connected three-dimensionally. LeWitt started off by sketching hexagons, which are the three-dimensional representation of a cube. Akin to my work, I plot out the grid points on which the sliced portion will be assembled (fig. 12). This gives me control and exhibits unity and order.

The use of geometric shapes in a system can be predominately seen in Islamic Art and Geometric Design (fig. 13) as a form of decoration for textiles, ceramics, metalwork, architectural elements, and manuscripts. With the use of basic instruments such as a compass and ruler, the Arabs constructed geometric design patterns made up of simple shapes, namely square, pentagon, and hexagon. These elements are combined, rearranged, duplicated to form a regular tessellation that is infinitely expandable. The purpose of using

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12 Michael Reb, *Analysis of Variation of Incomplete Open Cubes by Sol LeWitt*, Kansas State University, 2013, 3

geometric shapes in Islamic Art and Geometric Design was to stress the importance of unity, logic, and order which are the very same values I am aiming for in my sculptures.

*Homage to Cube* is an installation containing only three-point cross sectioned cubes.

There are two limiting factors to the way each cube is sliced:

1. Each sliced cross section surface is symmetrical.
2. Increments of one centimeter along one edge or two edges.

With limitations set, there are 63 different ways of slicing a cube. Due to the limited gallery space, I could only exhibit only three-point cross section. there are twenty-five different sets of three-point cross sections in a 5 x 5 grid. In each set, the sliced portion is assembled back to the parent portion on an untouched equilateral surface consisting of twenty-five grid points on a two-dimensional cube template. This equals a total of 625 variations.

In each set of twenty-five cubes, I use an epoxy glue to attach the cubes to create cylinders (fig. 14), waves (fig. 15), spiral (fig. 16), and arches (fig. 17). Each set differs by angle variations, ziggurat pattern (fig. 18), or slight increments in height (fig. 19). I want my audience to appreciate these minimalistic sculptures for their formal qualities and slight deviations with the aid of arrangement of varying height pedestals.
Gallery Environment

The layout of the gallery of those twenty-five pedestals plays a crucial role to *Homage to Cube*. My intention was to create a sanctuary for my audience to contemplate and take a moment from daily routine to appreciate these minimalistic forms for that they are.

*Memorial to the Murdered Jews of Europe* (2005) (fig. 20) by Peter Eisenman was a major inspiration to the idea behind the gallery layout of pedestals. Memorials are places for homage to significant being or event, a site for contemplation of past mistakes or revere. That is what Peter Eisenman had in mind when he architected *Memorial to the Murdered Jews of Europe* which consist of 2,711 rectangular concrete slabs, also known as stele, are placed on a sloping stretch of land with identical lengths and widths, but varying heights. Each stele is meticulously placed at intervals of thirty-nine inches from any four directions. With similar layout to my setup of my installation, I too placed my pedestals at intervals of thirty-five inches from any four directions. This is a critical element which heightens the awareness of one’s surroundings and attention to physical space in the gallery environment allowing my audience to be mentally present in physical space. On an average, art viewers spend a median time of 17 seconds on any artwork in a museum. With the strategic placement of my pedestals, my aim to increase the amount of time for viewers to spend looking at my artwork and notice the minute changes between each adjacent individual cube.

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There are various pedestal heights ranging from 48, 42, 36, 30, and 24 inches. Nine 48 inches pedestals are placed at the outermost perimeter and the pedestal height gradually converge to the top left-hand corner pedestal of 24 inches. There are two objectives to this orientation, allowing full view of all twenty-five sculptures and different point of view of each sculpture.

The definitive arrangement of pedestals in *Homage to Cube* heightens viewer’s mental awareness of physical environment due to the slight constrain of walkway space and ultimately being present in the installation. This reaches my purpose for viewers to spend time among the sanctuary of cubic sculptures and appreciating the forms for what they are.
Conclusion

My MFA thesis exhibition, *Homage to Cube*, is a milestone of my experience in the USA. It provides a sanctuary for my audience to take a break from their hectic daily routine to experience a tranquil site without the burden from artist subjectivity. There is no message I am trying to convey to my audience besides simply enjoying my journey of formal exploration of cubes with my made up “slice and assemble” system. The process of constructing each individual cube has provided me an avenue for meditation and hopefully, letting my audience be immerse in the sanctuary of cubes, appreciating the simplicity of form, rhythm, order, system, and natural clay body color of *Homage to Cube*. 
Fig. 1. Ken Lu, Homage to Cube, 2018. (Photo Courtesy of Liao Qi Mei).

Fig. 2. Ken Lu, Title, Stainless Steel Table, Overview of Installation, 2018. (Photo Courtesy of Liao Qi Mei).
Artist statement: Homage to Cube

Homage to Cube is a formal exploration of slicing and assembling a cube. The formal language of my work exhibits subtlety and reservedness. Using a non-objective, neutral, and basic form; the cube, as my starting point.

The cube, also known as a special cuboid, to me is one of the fundamental building blocks of design. As a common denominator, it possesses neutrality and independence. The cube is constructed by 3 parallel sets of lines intersecting at 90 degrees angles creating 8 edges, 12 vertices, and 6 surfaces. By implementing the cube through a two step “Slice and Assemble” system on a one centimetre interval grid, I am able to create 625 different forms.

Clay as a medium is unassuming and characterless, but at the same time, working with clay is therapeutic and equanimous. Clay itself is formless and neutral, it is through the hand of an artist that it is shaped and molded. Physically handcrafting every individual cube allows me to be in a tranquil state of mind, a way of escaping the ‘chaos’ by focusing on the job at hand.

In this installation, I want my audience to take a silent moment away from their daily routine to enjoy these minimalistic forms for what they are. Physically immerse yourself in “Homage to Cube” to engage each sculpture from different entrance points, through three basic elements of form, system, and scale of the work.

Fig. 3. Ken Lu, Artist Statement, 2018. (Photo Courtesy of Ken Lu).

Fig. 4. Ken Lu, Gallery Layout, 2018. (Photo Courtesy of Ken Lu).
Fig. 5. Ken Lu, Soda Fired, 2017, Stoneware, Soda Fired Cone 10 with acrylic painted ceramic ball, 6 x 9 x 10.5 inches. (Photo courtesy of Ken Lu).

Fig. 6. Ken Lu, Acrylic painted, 2017, Stoneware Oxidation Cone 1 Acrylic painted, 6 x 7.5 x 10 inches. (Photo courtesy of Ken Lu).


Fig. 11. Kenneth and Mary Martin, *Rotation Multiple Not Limited*, 1968, Prints and multiples, Injection molded plastic and mirror multiple, 5 x 5 inches. Reproduced from http://www.artnet.com/artists/mary-martin/rotation-mm1-a-ZWye4LHgAY6PGsuSz_CeGw2 (accessed April 5, 2018)

Fig. 12. Ken Lu, 25 Grid points on cube template. (Photo courtesy of Ken Lu)
Fig. 13. Islamic Art and Geometric Design (Textile fragment), 14th century, Spain. Reproduced from https://www.metmuseum.org/learn/educators/curriculum-resources/art-of-the-islamic-world/unit-three (accessed April 5, 2018)

Fig. 14. Ken Lu, Cylinder form, 2018, Stoneware Oxidation Cone 1, 11 x 7.5 x 7.5 inches. (Photo courtesy of Ken Lu).
Fig. 15. Ken Lu, Wave form, 2018, Stoneware Oxidation Cone 1, 12.5 x 2.5 x 11.5 inches (Photo courtesy of Ken Lu).

Fig. 16. Ken Lu, Spiral form, 2018, Stoneware Oxidation Cone 1, 10.5 x 10.5 x 5.5 inches. (Photo courtesy of Ken Lu).
Fig. 17. Ken Lu, Arch form, 2018, Stoneware Oxidation Cone 1, 13 x 11 x 6.5 inches. (Photo courtesy of Ken Lu).

Fig. 18. Ken Lu, Ziggurat form, 2018, Stoneware Oxidation Cone 1, 11.5 x 11.5 x 7 inches. (Photo courtesy of Ken Lu).
Fig. 19. Ken Lu, Height increment, 2018, Stoneware Oxidation Cone 1, 13 x 11 x 6.5 inches. (Photo courtesy of Ken Lu).

Fig. 20. Peter Eisenman, Memorial to the Murdered Jews of Europe, 2005, Germany. Reproduced from https://www.timesofisrael.com/german-far-right-wants-place-on-board-of-berlins-national-holocaust-memorial/ (accessed April 5, 2018).
Bibliography


Lu Yong Jian Ken
Masters of Fine Arts Candidate in Ceramics
West Virginia University
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EDUCATION
2015-18  Masters of Fine Arts Candidate in Ceramics
          West Virginia University, Morgantown, WV, USA
2011-15  Bachelor of Fine Arts in Ceramics
          Jingdezhen Ceramics Institute Department of Arts and Design
          Jingdezhen, Jiangxi Province, China

PROFESSIONAL AND RELATED EXPERIENCE
2018  Instructor on record, West Virginia University, Morgantown, WV, USA
       Visual Foundations (3 Dimensional)
2017  Summer Studio Staff, Watershed Center for the Ceramic Arts, Newcastle,
       ME, USA
       Instructor on record, West Virginia University, Morgantown, WV, USA
       Teaches wheel-throwing, pinching, and slab-building to non-majors
       and Drawing to majors
2016  Summer Program at Chautauqua School of Art, Chautauqua, NY, USA
       Instructor on record, West Virginia University, Morgantown, WV, USA
       Teaches wheel-throwing, pinching, and slab-building to non-majors.
2013-15 Co-owner of JuWaiRen Cafe, Jingdezhen, Jiangxi Province, China
       Made all serving wares and sold wares off shop.
2014-15 Wheel Throwing Assistant, Jingdezhen, Jiangxi Province, China
       Studio assistant for Alexandra Copeland
2013-15 Wheel-throwing Teacher, Kungfu Mud, Jingdezhen, Jiangxi Province,
       China
       Taught 1 Week Beginner and Intermediate Class Workshops
2012-15 Volunteer, Pottery Workshop Education Center, Jingdezhen, Jiangxi
       Province, China
       Assisting the staff daily and Exchange Programs
2012-14 Kindergarten Teacher, ChangHe Kindergarten, Jingdezhen, Jiangxi
       Province, China
       Taught English language to 3-6-year-old children. Introduction of new
       syllabus
2010-11 3rd Sergeant (Operational Unit)
         Explosive Ordnance Disposal Unit, Singapore Arm Forces, Singapore

FELLOWSHIPS/SCHOLARSHIPS/AWARDS
2017  Graduate Teaching Assistantship, West Virginia University, Morgantown,
       WV, USA
       Dwight M. Holland Scholarship, Randolph Arts Guild, Asheboro, NC, USA
       Windgate Scholarship, Anderson Ranch Arts Center, Snowmass Village,
       CO, USA
2016  Graduate Teaching Assistant-ship, West Virginia University, Morgantown,
       WV, USA
       Chautauqua Studio Scholarship, 3800USD, Chautauqua, NY, USA
       GPS Travel Grant, 500USD, West Virginia University, Morgantown, WV,
       USA
       School of Art and Design Scholarship, 500USD, West Virginia University,
       Morgantown, WV, USA
2015  One Year Provost Fellowship, tuition waived plus 17000USD stipend, West
       Virginia University, Morgantown, WV, USA
       University Wide Merit Base Fellowship
Canady Scholarship, 1000USD, West Virginia University, Morgantown, WV, USA
Based on Academic Credentials and bilingual

EXHIBITIONS

2018
Homage to Cube, MFA thesis exhibition, Laura Mesaros Gallery, West Virginia University, Morgantown, WV, USA
University Shipping Containers Shows, Standard Ceramics, Carnegie, PA, USA
Confluence Show 2018, Artist Image Resource, Pittsburgh, PA, USA
The Cup, The Mug, Main Street Gallery, Roscheister, NY, USA
Juried Student Exhibition 2017, Mesaros Gallery, West Virginia University, Morgantown, WV, USA
Two Man Show, Solo show at The Diamond Shop which includes ceramics and painting, Morgantown, WV, USA
Almighty Cups, Juror: Liz Lurie, Gandee Gallery, Fabius, NY, USA
Summer Exhibition at Evansdale and Downtown Library, WVU Clay Club, WVU, Morgantown, WV, USA
13th Annual Art Kudos International Exhibition, Online Juried Competition
Vessels: Interpretation and Iterations, Juror: Bill Wilkey, Kentucky Mudworks, Louisville, Kentucky, USA
SIP- A Ceramic Cup Show, Juror: Kimberly Riner, Savannah Clay Community, Savannah, GA, USA
Twin Cups, Juror: Ted Neal, MWSU, Saint Joseph, MO, USA
Teapot VIII, Juror: Sam Chung, Baltimore Clayworks, Baltimore, MD, USA
The Cup, The Mug, Juror: Peter Pincus, Main Street Gallery, Roscheister, NY, USA
Almighty Cups, Juror: David Macdonald, Gandee Gallery, Fabius, NY, USA
Function, Clay Club Exhibition, Diamond Art Gallery, Morgantown, WV, USA
Student Exhibition, Juror: Don Kimes, Fowler Kellog Gallery, Chautauqua, NY, USA
Confluence Show 2016, Artist Image Resource, Pittsburgh, PA, USA
Surrounding: MFA students Respond to their Environment(s)
Laura Mesaros Gallery, West Virginia University, Morgantown, WV, USA
Working Pots Exhibition, Juror: Simon Levin, James May Gallery, Agoma, WI, USA
Tamarack: The Best of West Virginia, David L. Dickinson Fine Arts Gallery, Beckley, WV, USA
Proximity, Juror: John Landers, The Clay Co-Ops, Rockville, MD, USA
Juried Exhibition, Juror: Joseph Lupo, Side Street Gallery, Morgantown, WV, USA
Juried Student Exhibition 2016, Juror: Jason Lee, West Virginia University, Morgantown, WV, USA

2014
Kungfu Mud Studio, Invitation, Wuhan, Hubei Province, China
Permanent display of Mini Sculptural Kiln

KILN BUILDING EXPERIENCE

2015
0.5 cubic meter Train Kiln (Assistant), With Lindsay Oesterritter and Ted Neal
Manassas, VA, USA
1 cubic meter Smokeless Cross-draft wood kiln (Assistant), Nine Burn Studio
Jingdezhen, Jiangxi Province, China
0.25 cubic meter Wood/Soda Tube Kiln (Design), Nine Burn Studio
Jingdezhen, Jiangxi Province, China
1 cubic meter Smokeless Cross-draft wood kiln (Coordinator), Wangshan Studio
Nanjing, Jiangsu Province, China
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>YEAR</th>
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<tr>
<td>2017</td>
<td>The Structure of Pots, Instructor: Dan Murphy, Anderson Ranch Arts Center, Snowmass, CO, USA</td>
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| 2016 | Bloom!, Blossom’s Arts Center, Frederick, NY, USA  
  Invited Artist to demonstrate altering wheel-thrown forms  
  Half day Workshop, Chautauqua Area Potters, Erie, NY, USA |
| 2014 | 4 Day Wheel Throwing Workshop (Instructor) Organized by Kungfu Mud  
  JianShui Art Institute, Jianshui, Yunnan Province, China |
| 2012, 14 | October Festival. Pottery Workshop, Jingdezhen, Jiangxi Province, China  
  Built and fired Mini Sculptural Kilns |

### RELATED ACTIVITIES

<table>
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<th>YEAR</th>
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| 2017 | Treasurer for WVU Clay Club, Morgantown, WV, USA  
  Vice-President for WVU Clay Club, Morgantown, WV, USA  
  Treasurer for WVU Clay Club, Morgantown, WV, USA |
| 2016 | Vice-President for WVU Clay Club, Morgantown, WV, USA  
  Facilitator for Pinch Bowl, Morgantown, WV, USA  
  Bowls made are donated to Empty Bowls  
  Presidential Farewell Party, Chautauqua, NY, USA  
  Wheel throwing during a speech  
  Organizer for NCECA Rib Hunt, Kansas City, MO, USA |
| 2014 | Friday Night Lecture Series: Guest Lecturer  
  Pottery Workshop, Jingdezhen, Jiangxi Province, China |
| 2013 | Wheel Thrower role, Beijing, Hebei Province, China  
  Audition for Chinese New Year Eve Celebration on Television |
| 2011 | Guest Lecturer, Jianghan University, Wuhan, Hubei Province, China |

### Conference Membership

<table>
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<td>2018</td>
<td>NCECA- Volunteer, Pittsburgh, PA, USA</td>
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| 2017 | NCECA- Volunteer, Portland, OR, USA  
  North Carolina Potter’s Conference- Attendee, Asheboro, NC, USA |
| 2016 | NCECA- Volunteer, Kansas City, MO, USA |
| 2014 | NCECA- Attendee, Milwaukee, WI, USA  
  Jingdezhen Ceramic Fair, Attendee, Jingdezhen, Jiangxi Province, China |
| 2012 | Jingdezhen Ceramic Fair, Attendee, Jingdezhen, Jiangxi Province, China |

### Academic Membership

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<th>YEAR</th>
<th>SOCIETY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2016</td>
<td>The Honor Society of Phi Kappa Phi</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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| 2015 | Golden Key International Honour Society  
  Nation’s oldest and most selective multidisciplinary collegiate honor society |

### Private Collections

Dwight M. Holland, Asheboro, NC, USA

Reference: Shoji Satake Associate Professor, Coordinator of Ceramics  
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